



Material Safety Data Sheet

Product name: *Snow White Petroleum Jelly*

Non-Hazardous Substance, NON-Dangerous Goods

1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: *Snow White Petroleum Jelly*

Recommended use: Ointment, cream and lotion base

Supplier: *D H D TRADING L.L.C*

E-Mail address: *DAFALLA@DHDTRADING.COM*

Telephone: *+97142269437*

Emergency telephone number: *+971504722993*

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Based on available information, this material is not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work.

Poisons Schedule: Not applicable

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO.	PROPORTION
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous	-	100%

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with Running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: If in eyes wash out immediately with water. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

PPE for First Aiders: Wear overalls, safety glasses and impervious gloves. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Combustible material.

Fire fighting further advice: On burning may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained Breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapor or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Wipe up With absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Collect and seal in properly labeled containers or drums for Disposal.

LARGE SPILLS

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up Immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of Vapors. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use Absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labeled containers or drums for Disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid eye contact and repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible Materials described in Section 10. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures: Natural ventilation should be adequate under normal use conditions. Keep Containers closed when not in use.

Personal protection equipment: OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.

When handling individual retail packs no personal protection equipment is required. Wear overalls, safety

Glasses and impervious gloves. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions,

The user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the Toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid eye contact And repeated or prolonged skin contact. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form Odor: White solid / Semi solid / soft paste with no odor

Color: Snow White

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Specific Gravity (20 °C): >0.85

Density: 0.85 g/cm³; 20 °C

Flash Point (°C) : >200 °C

Melting Point/Range (°C): 56-60 °C

Viscosity: 5-5.5 cst at 100 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No reactivity hazards are known for the material.

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

